

## **OPA Integration of HIV/AIDS Prevention Project Period 1 Summary Data Report**

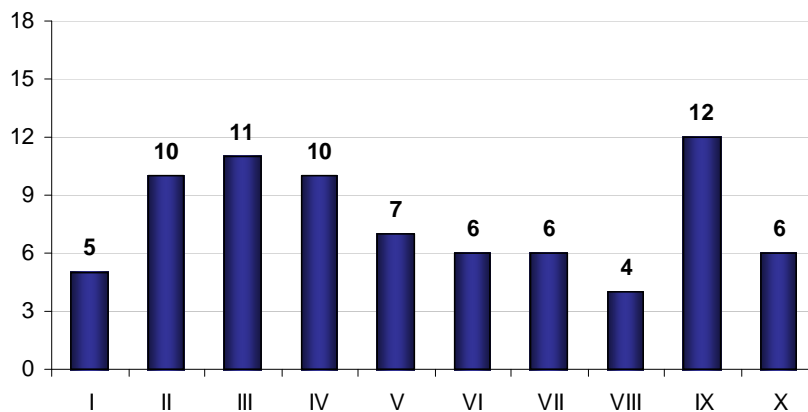
During the 3<sup>rd</sup> funding cycle of the OPA HIV Integration Project, 77 projects across 10 participating regions received supplemental funds to support integration of HIV prevention services. The following outcomes were reported for the 9-month data collection period of October 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008.

- **Number of Tests = 138,030**
  - Number of Confidential Tests = 136,483 (99%)
  - Number of Anonymous Tests = 1,547 (1%)
  
  - Number of Standard Tests = 69,290 (50%)
  - Number of Rapid Tests = 68,740 (50%)
  
- **Number of Tests (with Test Results) = 138,029**
  - Number of Positive Tests (positive standard tests and preliminary positive rapid tests) = 333
  
  - Number of Negative Tests = 137,645
  
  - Number of Indeterminate/Invalid Tests = 51
  
- **Number of Confirmed Positive Tests (positive standard tests and rapid tests with a positive confirmation) = 153**
  - Positivity Rate = 0.11%
  
- **Number of Clients Returning for Test Results = 95,676**
  - Overall Rate of Return for Results = 69%
  - Rate of Return for Standard Test Results = 41%
  - Rate of Return for Rapid Test Results = 98%
  
- **Number of Positive Clients Referred for Services = 146**
  - Referral Rate for Positive Clients = 95%

## Location of Projects

The geographic distribution of the 77 funded projects is displayed by region and state below. The greatest concentration of projects is in Region IX (Figure 1), with high numbers of projects in Arizona (Table 1).

**Figure 1: Number of Projects by Region**



**Table 1: Number of Projects by State<sup>1</sup>**

| Region I    |   |
|-------------|---|
| CT          | 1 |
| MA          | 3 |
| RI          | 1 |
| Region II   |   |
| NJ          | 2 |
| NY          | 5 |
| PR          | 2 |
| VI          | 1 |
| Region III  |   |
| DC          | 1 |
| MD          | 2 |
| PA          | 7 |
| VA          | 1 |
| Region IV   |   |
| AL          | 2 |
| FL          | 3 |
| NC          | 1 |
| SC          | 4 |
| Region V    |   |
| IL          | 1 |
| IN          | 2 |
| MN          | 1 |
| OH          | 2 |
| WI          | 1 |
| Region VI   |   |
| TX          | 6 |
| Region VII  |   |
| IA          | 2 |
| KS          | 1 |
| MO          | 2 |
| NE          | 1 |
| Region VIII |   |
| MT          | 1 |
| SD          | 1 |
| UT          | 1 |
| WY          | 1 |
| Region IX   |   |
| AZ          | 7 |
| CA          | 4 |
| NMI         | 1 |
| Region X    |   |
| AK          | 1 |
| WA          | 5 |

<sup>1</sup> Figure 2 was not included in this report, as the number of individual HIV prevention counseling sessions is no longer a reporting requirement.

## Outcome Data

### *Levels of HIV Testing*

Across the 10 regions, a total of 138,030 HIV tests were reported during Period 1 (Table 2). In terms of absolute numbers, the highest level of testing was seen in Regions II and VI, and the lowest level of testing was observed in Region X.

Confidential HIV testing was the predominant test mode, accounting for 98.9% of tests. Anonymous testing represented the other 1.1%. Based on absolute numbers, Region IX performed the greatest level of anonymous testing, and anonymous tests were not offered in several regions (Regions II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, and VIII).

**Table 2: Total Number of HIV Tests by Region and Test Mode**

| Region                  | I      | II     | III    | IV     | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX     | X     | TOTAL          |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|----------------|
| # of Confidential Tests | 10,894 | 34,124 | 11,119 | 10,555 | 7,232 | 33,626 | 9,201 | 6,773 | 9,433  | 3,526 | <b>136,483</b> |
| # of Anonymous Tests    | 205    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0     | 1,268  | 74    | <b>1,547</b>   |
| Total # of Tests        | 11,099 | 34,124 | 11,119 | 10,555 | 7,232 | 33,626 | 9,201 | 6,773 | 10,701 | 3,600 | <b>138,030</b> |

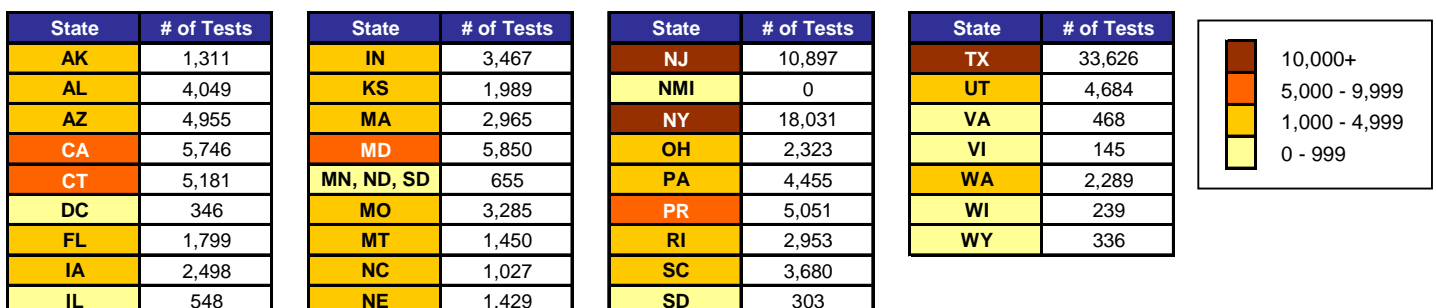
Overall, standard and rapid HIV testing were performed at approximately equal levels – each representing about 50% of total HIV tests (Table 3). However, standard tests accounted for the majority of testing in multiple regions (Regions III, IV, VI, VII, and VIII). Rapid tests comprised the greatest proportion of HIV tests in Regions V and IX (over 90% of tests performed). According to absolute numbers, the greatest level of rapid testing occurred in Region II.

**Table 3: Total Number of HIV Tests by Region and Test Type**

| Region              | I      | II     | III    | IV     | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX     | X     | TOTAL          |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|----------------|
| # of Standard Tests | 5,706  | 8,127  | 8,885  | 9,115  | 548   | 23,934 | 6,716 | 5,270 | 576    | 413   | <b>69,290</b>  |
| # of Rapid Tests    | 5,393  | 25,997 | 2,234  | 1,440  | 6,684 | 9,692  | 2,485 | 1,503 | 10,125 | 3,187 | <b>68,740</b>  |
| Total # of Tests    | 11,099 | 34,124 | 11,119 | 10,555 | 7,232 | 33,626 | 9,201 | 6,773 | 10,701 | 3,600 | <b>138,030</b> |

The distribution of HIV testing by state is shown below (Figure 3). Based on absolute numbers, the highest level of HIV testing was conducted in three states – Texas, New York, and New Jersey.

**Figure 3: Distribution of Tests by State**



### Positivity Rates

Test results (positive<sup>2</sup>, negative, or indeterminate/invalid) were reported for 138,029 tests (Table 4).

**Table 4: Tests Results by Region**

| Region                                   | I      | II     | III    | IV     | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX     | X     | TOTAL   |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|---------|
| # of Positive Tests                      | 17     | 55     | 88     | 18     | 22    | 97     | 8     | 3     | 21     | 4     | 333     |
| # of Negative Tests                      | 11,079 | 34,066 | 11,024 | 10,537 | 7,209 | 33,515 | 9,181 | 6,770 | 10,677 | 3,587 | 137,645 |
| # of Indeterminate/<br>Invalid Tests     | 3      | 3      | 6      | 0      | 1     | 14     | 12    | 0     | 3      | 9     | 51      |
| Total # of HIV Tests<br>(by Test Result) | 11,099 | 34,124 | 11,118 | 10,555 | 7,232 | 33,626 | 9,201 | 6,773 | 10,701 | 3,600 | 138,029 |

Among these tests, a total of 153 confirmed positive<sup>3,4</sup> test results were reported, producing an overall positivity rate of 0.11% (Table 5). The highest positivity rate was reported in Region III (0.33%). This may reflect a relatively greater burden of disease in these regions or more targeted testing of populations with a higher prevalence of infection. The lowest positivity rates were seen in Regions VI, VII, and VIII (0.04%).

**Table 5: Positivity Rates by Region**

| Region                                   | I      | II     | III    | IV     | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX     | X     | TOTAL   |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|---------|
| # of Confirmed<br>Positive Tests         | 17     | 36     | 37     | 13     | 9     | 13     | 4     | 3     | 17     | 4     | 153     |
| Total # of HIV Tests<br>(by Test Result) | 11,099 | 34,124 | 11,118 | 10,555 | 7,232 | 33,626 | 9,201 | 6,773 | 10,701 | 3,600 | 138,029 |
| % Positive                               | 0.15%  | 0.11%  | 0.33%  | 0.12%  | 0.12% | 0.04%  | 0.04% | 0.04% | 0.16%  | 0.11% | 0.11%   |

When the above data was split by test mode (Table 6), the overall percentage of positive tests observed for confidential tests (0.11%) was slightly higher than for anonymous tests (0.06%). This trend does not hold across regions.

**Table 6: Tests Results by Region and Test Mode**

#### Confidential

| Region                                   | I      | II     | III    | IV     | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX    | X     | TOTAL   |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| # of Confirmed<br>Positive Tests         | 16     | 36     | 37     | 13     | 9     | 13     | 4     | 3     | 17    | 4     | 152     |
| Total # of HIV Tests<br>(by Test Result) | 10,894 | 34,124 | 11,118 | 10,555 | 7,232 | 33,626 | 9,201 | 6,773 | 9,433 | 3,526 | 136,482 |
| % Positive                               | 0.15%  | 0.11%  | 0.33%  | 0.12%  | 0.12% | 0.04%  | 0.04% | 0.04% | 0.18% | 0.11% | 0.11%   |

#### Anonymous

| Region                                   | I     | II  | III | IV  | V   | VI  | VII | VIII | IX    | X     | TOTAL |
|--|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| # of Confirmed<br>Positive Tests         | 1     | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0     | 0     | 1     |
| Total # of HIV Tests<br>(by Test Result) | 205   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0    | 1,268 | 74    | 1,547 |
| % Positive                               | 0.49% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A  | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.06% |

<sup>2</sup> Positive tests include standard tests with positive results and rapid tests with preliminary positive results.

<sup>3</sup> Confirmed positive tests include standard tests with positive results and positive confirmatory tests for rapid tests with preliminary positive results.

<sup>4</sup> The overall false positivity rate was 0.26%, which is just above the 2 per 1000 (0.2%) expected with a rapid test specificity of 99.8%. It should be noted that 18 Projects reported false positivity rates of higher than 2 per 1000.

When split by test type (Table 7), the overall percentage of positive tests observed for rapid tests (0.12%) was slightly higher than for standard tests (0.10%). This trend also varies across regions.

**Table 7: Tests Results by Region and Test Type**

**Standard**

| Region                                | I     | II    | III   | IV    | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX    | X     | TOTAL  |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests         | 5     | 2     | 28    | 12    | 2     | 8      | 4     | 2     | 7     | 2     | 72     |
| Total # of HIV Tests (by Test Result) | 5,706 | 8,127 | 8,884 | 9,115 | 548   | 23,934 | 6,716 | 5,270 | 576   | 413   | 69,289 |
| % Positive                            | 0.09% | 0.02% | 0.32% | 0.13% | 0.36% | 0.03%  | 0.06% | 0.04% | 1.22% | 0.48% | 0.10%  |

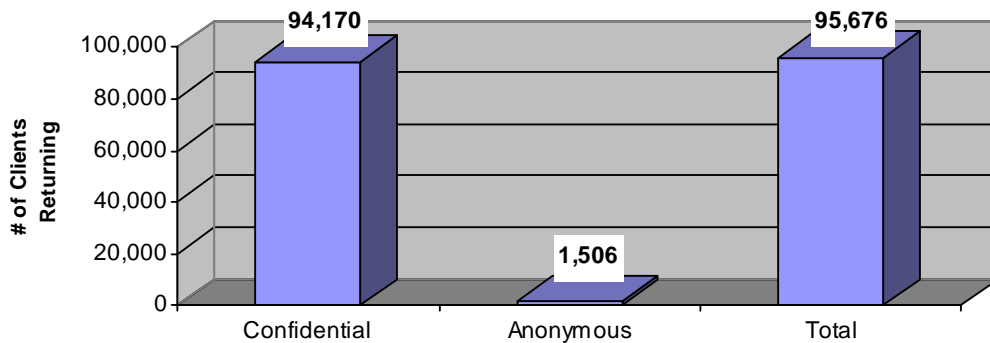
**Rapid**

| Region                                | I     | II     | III   | IV    | V     | VI    | VII   | VIII  | IX     | X     | TOTAL  |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests         | 12    | 34     | 9     | 1     | 7     | 5     | 0     | 1     | 10     | 2     | 81     |
| Total # of HIV Tests (by Test Result) | 5,393 | 25,997 | 2,234 | 1,440 | 6,684 | 9,692 | 2,485 | 1,503 | 10,125 | 3,187 | 68,740 |
| % Positive                            | 0.22% | 0.13%  | 0.40% | N/A   | 0.10% | 0.05% | N/A   | 0.07% | 0.10%  | 0.06% | 0.12%  |

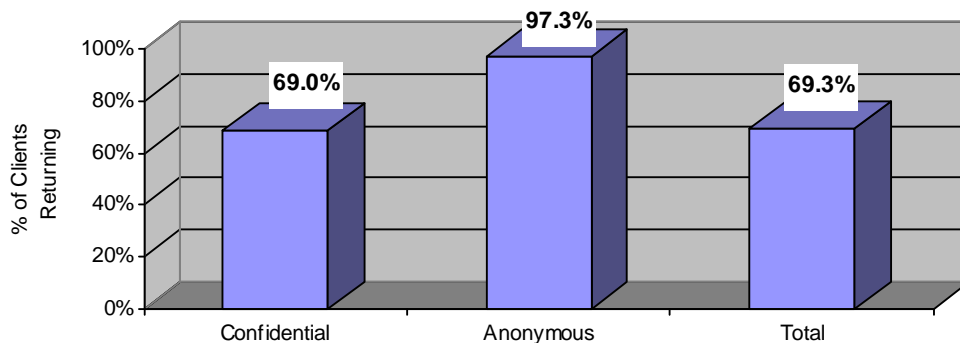
**Returning for HIV Test Results**

Of the 138,029 clients who were tested (by test result), a total of 95,676 clients (69.3%) returned for test results and post-test counseling (Figure 4). The return rate was higher among clients who received anonymous testing (relative to confidential testing); although this is likely because the vast majority of anonymous tests were rapid (Figure 5).

**Figure 4: Number of Clients Returning for HIV Test Results by Test Mode**

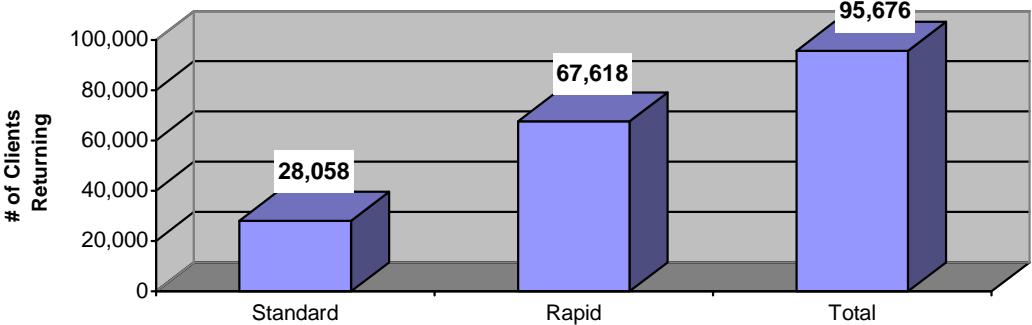


**Figure 5: Percentage of Clients Returning for HIV Test Results by Test Mode**

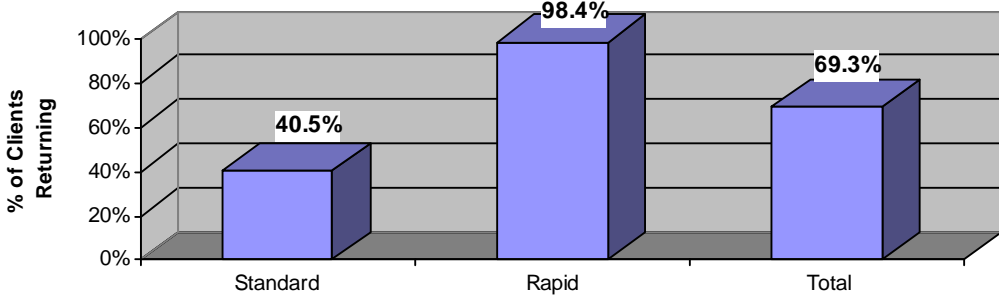


The return rate for results (preliminary positive, negative, or invalid) was much higher among clients receiving rapid tests (98.4%) compared to standard tests (40.5%) (Figures 5a and 5b).

**Figure 5a: Number of Clients Returning for HIV Test Results by Test Type**



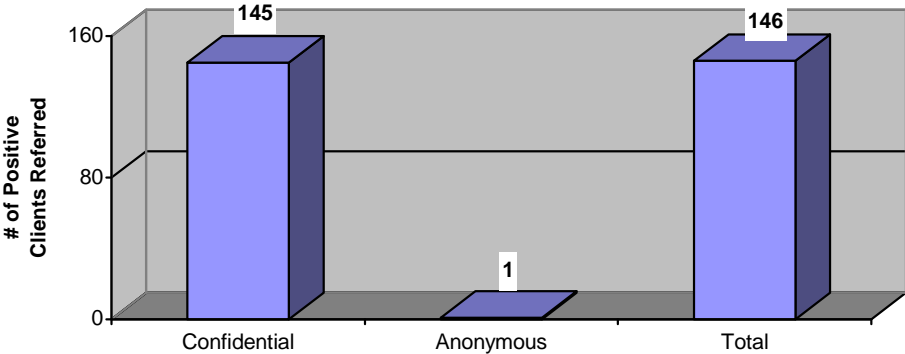
**Figure 5b: Percentage of Clients Returning for HIV Test Results by Test Type**



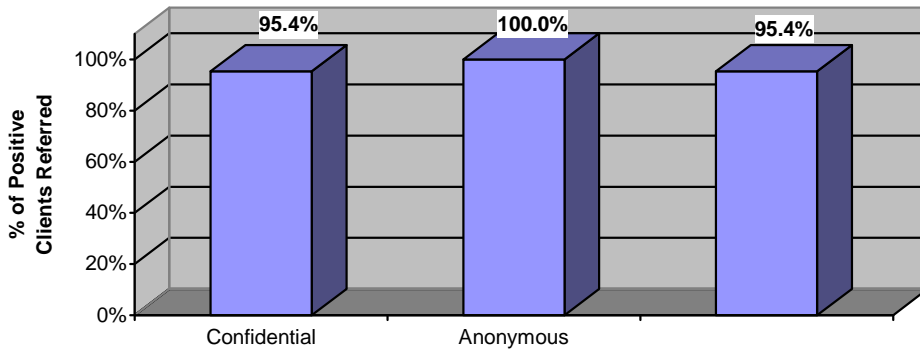
***Positive Clients Referred for Care***

Of the 153 clients who tested positive for HIV, 146 clients (95.4%) were referred for services (Figures 6 and 7). The referral rate among positive clients who tested anonymously was higher than among those who tested confidentially, although not significantly so due to the small number of clients with positive anonymous tests.

**Figure 6: Number of Positive Clients Referred for Services by Test Mode**

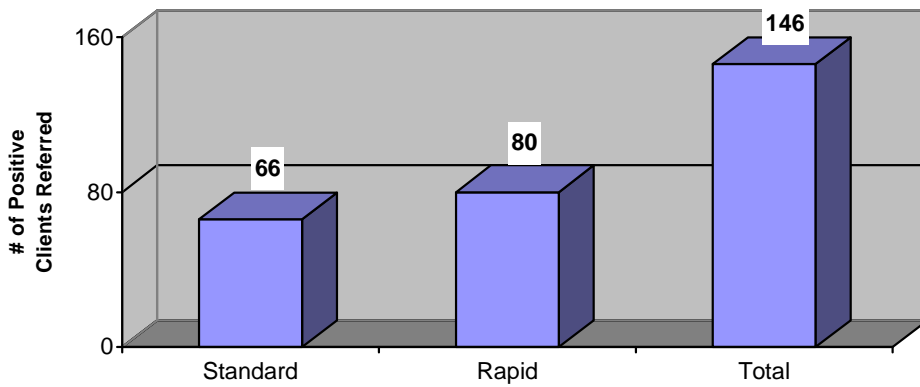


**Figure 7: Percentage of Positive Clients Referred for Services by Test Mode**

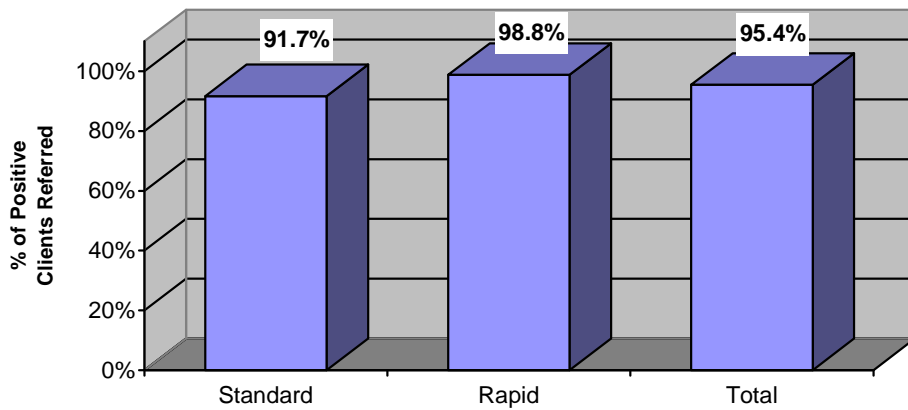


Nearly all positive clients who had received rapid testing were referred to care (98.8%), and almost 92% of positive clients who had received standard testing (Figures 8 and 9).

**Figure 8: Number of Positive Clients Referred for Services by Test Type**



**Figure 9: Percentage of Positive Clients Referred for Services by Test Type**



## Race/Ethnicity Data

A total of 132,687 tests were reported by race and ethnicity (Table 8). This data set represents a 3.9% reduction from the total reported number of HIV tests (138,029 tests with results)<sup>5</sup>. Similar to the overall data, the greatest level of testing was seen in Regions II and VI, and the greatest disease burden (as measured by positivity rate) was found in Region III.

**Table 8: HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Region Based on Race/Ethnicity Data**

| Region                        | I      | II     | III   | IV    | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX     | X     | TOTAL          |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|----------------|
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 17     | 36     | 37    | 13    | 9     | 13     | 4     | 3     | 17     | 4     | <b>153</b>     |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 10,705 | 32,379 | 9,980 | 9,975 | 6,994 | 33,099 | 8,942 | 6,659 | 10,528 | 3,426 | <b>132,687</b> |
| % Positive                    | 0.16%  | 0.11%  | 0.37% | 0.13% | 0.13% | 0.04%  | 0.04% | 0.05% | 0.16%  | 0.12% | <b>0.12%</b>   |

From the race/ethnicity tables, HIV testing and positivity levels were examined by gender, age group, and racial/ethnic group.

### *HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Gender*

Of the 132,687 clients tested, approximately 85% were females and 15% were males (Table 9). The ratio of females to males in the tested population was over 5:1. The positivity rate among males was 5 times higher than among females.

**Table 9: Reported HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Gender**

|                               | Females | Males  |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------|
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 80      | 73     |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 112,476 | 20,211 |
| % Positive                    | 0.07%   | 0.36%  |

Females represented more than 80% of tested clients in Regions III, IV, V, VI, and VII (Table 10). The proportion of males tested ranged from 6% in Region IV to 34% in Region X. The highest positivity rate among females and males was found in Region III.

**Table 10: Reported HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Gender and Region**

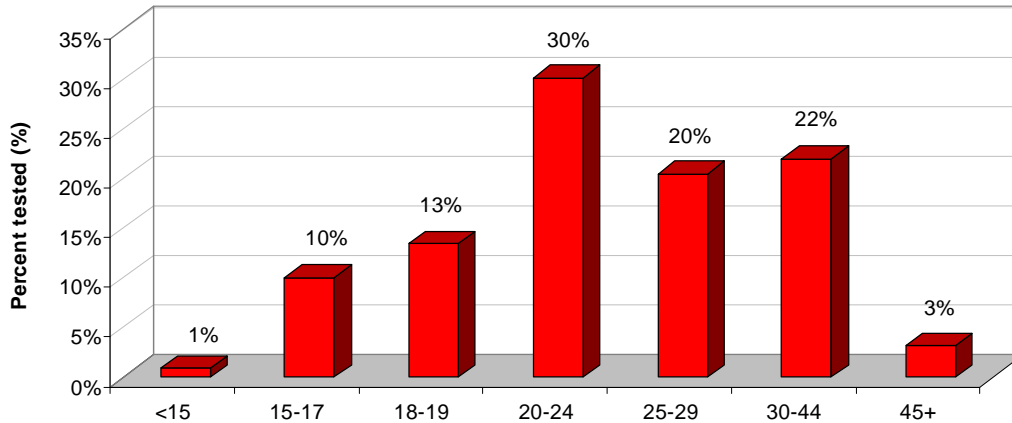
| Region                        | I     | II     | III   | IV    | V     | VI     | VII   | VIII  | IX    | X     |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| <b>Females</b>                |       |        |       |       |       |        |       |       |       |       |
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 7     | 15     | 19    | 11    | 6     | 6      | 4     | 3     | 8     | 1     |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 8,098 | 25,889 | 8,569 | 9,389 | 6,375 | 30,675 | 8,304 | 4,533 | 8,381 | 2,263 |
| % Positive                    | 0.09% | 0.06%  | 0.22% | 0.12% | 0.09% | 0.02%  | 0.05% | 0.07% | 0.10% | 0.04% |
| <b>Males</b>                  |       |        |       |       |       |        |       |       |       |       |
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 10    | 21     | 18    | 2     | 3     | 7      | 0     | 0     | 9     | 3     |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 2,607 | 6,490  | 1,411 | 586   | 619   | 2,424  | 638   | 2,126 | 2,147 | 1,163 |
| % Positive                    | 0.38% | 0.32%  | 1.28% | 0.34% | 0.48% | 0.29%  | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.42% | 0.26% |

<sup>5</sup> Test results for duplicated confidential clients were excluded.

### ***HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Age Group***

The age categories that were provided for data reporting included: <15, 15-17, 18-19, 20-24, 25-29, 30-44, and 45+ years of age. Approximately 54% of clients tested were under the age of 25, with the greatest level of testing among those between ages 20-24 (Figure 10).

**Figure 10: Percentage of Clients Tested for HIV by Standard Age Group**



While HIV testing was largely performed among clients under the age of 30, higher positivity rates were observed in the older age groups (>30 years old) (Table 11).

**Table 11: Reported HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Standard Age Group**

| Age Group                     | <15   | 15-17  | 18-19  | 20-24  | 25-29  | 30-44  | 45+   | Unknown |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---------|
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 0     | 10     | 17     | 46     | 24     | 42     | 14    | 0       |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 1,190 | 13,294 | 17,818 | 39,910 | 27,093 | 29,117 | 4,207 | 58      |
| % Positive                    | 0.00% | 0.08%  | 0.10%  | 0.12%  | 0.09%  | 0.14%  | 0.33% | 0.00%   |

When HIV testing was segmented by age and gender (Table 11a), higher positivity rates were observed among males compared to females for nearly all age groups (except <15 years of age). Male adults ages 30 and over reported the highest positivity rates.

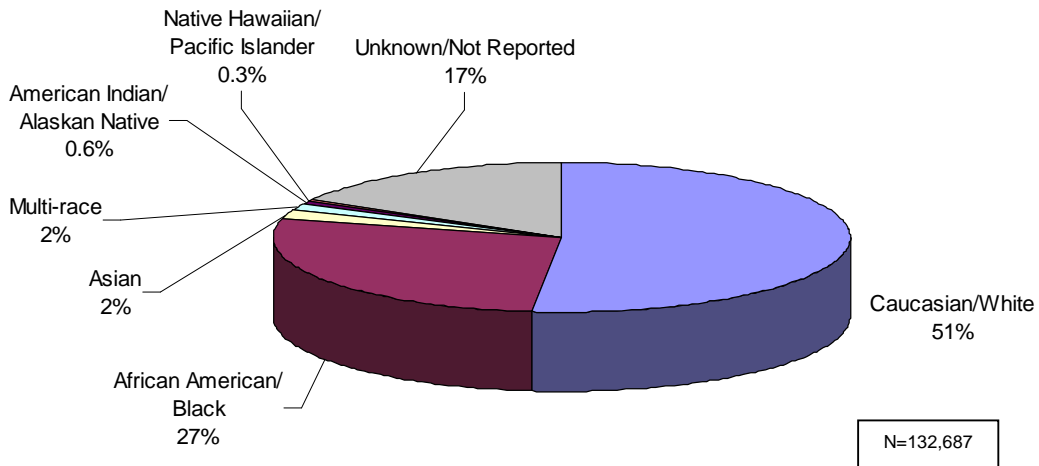
**Table 11a: Reported HIV Testing by Age Group and Gender**

| Age Group                     | <15   | 15-17  | 18-19  | 20-24  | 25-29  | 30-44  | 45+   | Unknown |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---------|
| <b>Females</b>                |       |        |        |        |        |        |       |         |
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 0     | 4      | 8      | 22     | 13     | 24     | 9     | 0       |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 1,062 | 11,214 | 14,636 | 33,399 | 23,337 | 25,608 | 3,178 | 42      |
| % Positive                    | 0.00% | 0.04%  | 0.05%  | 0.07%  | 0.06%  | 0.09%  | 0.28% | 0.00%   |
| <b>Males</b>                  |       |        |        |        |        |        |       |         |
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 0     | 6      | 9      | 24     | 11     | 18     | 5     | 0       |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 128   | 2,080  | 3,182  | 6,511  | 3,756  | 3,509  | 1,029 | 16      |
| % Positive                    | 0.00% | 0.29%  | 0.28%  | 0.37%  | 0.29%  | 0.51%  | 0.49% | 0.00%   |

**HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Racial/Ethnic Group**

Caucasians/Whites (51.6%) and African Americans/Blacks (27.4%) represented the largest testing populations by race (Figure 11). Those for whom race was “unknown/not reported” comprised an additional 16.6%. The remaining clients tested included Asians (2.0%), American Indians/Alaskan Natives (0.6%), and Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders (0.3%), as well as those identifying with more than one race (1.6%).

**Figure 11: Percentage of Clients Tested for HIV by Race**



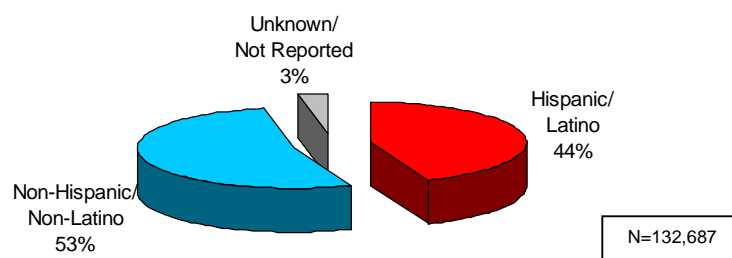
Of all racial groups, the highest positivity rates were observed among American Indians/Alaskan Natives and African Americans/Blacks (Table 12). This could reflect targeted testing or higher disease burden among these subgroups.

**Table 12: Reported HIV Testing and Positivity Levels by Race**

| Race                          | Caucasian/White | African American/Black | Asian | Multi-race | American Indian/Alaskan Native | Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | Unknown/Not Reported | TOTAL   |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------|------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 43              | 91                     | 2     | 2          | 2                              | 0                                | 13                   | 153     |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 68,433          | 36,306                 | 2,611 | 2,179      | 759                            | 374                              | 22,025               | 132,687 |
| % Positive                    | 0.06%           | 0.25%                  | 0.08% | 0.09%      | 0.26%                          | 0.00%                            | 0.06%                | 0.12%   |

43.8% of tested clients identified with Hispanic/Latino ethnicity. Non-Hispanic/non-Latino clients represented an additional 53.1% (Figure 12).

**Figure 12: Percentage of Clients Tested for HIV by Ethnicity**



Without taking into consideration race, the positivity rate (0.06%) among Hispanics/Latinos was relatively lower than that of clients identifying as non-Hispanic/non-Latino (0.16%) (Table 13).

**Table 13: Reported Positivity Rates by Ethnicity**

| Ethnicity                     | Hispanic/Latino | Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino | Unknown/Not Reported |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| # of Confirmed Positive Tests | 35              | 111                     | 7                    |
| Total # of HIV Tests          | 58,144          | 70,522                  | 4,021                |
| % Positive                    | 0.06%           | 0.16%                   | 0.17%                |

The distribution of clients tested by both race and ethnicity is shown below (Table 13a). Nearly 75% of clients tested were racial and/or ethnic minorities<sup>6</sup>. The largest testing populations were comprised of Hispanic/Latino Caucasians/Whites (26.3%) and non-Hispanic/non-Latino African Americans/Blacks (25.9%), followed by non-Hispanic/non-Latino Caucasians/Whites (24.3%).

**Table 13a: Clients Tested for HIV by Race/Ethnicity**

|           |                            | Race            |                        |             |                                |                                  |                    |                      |
|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
|           |                            | Caucasian/White | African American/Black | Asian       | American Indian/Alaskan Native | Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | More than One Race | Unknown/Not Reported |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic or Latino         | 34,912          | 980                    | 82          | 170                            | 72                               | 1,420              | 20,508               |
|           |                            | <b>26.3%</b>    | <b>0.7%</b>            | <b>0.1%</b> | <b>0.1%</b>                    | <b>0.1%</b>                      | <b>1.1%</b>        | <b>15.5%</b>         |
|           | Not Hispanic or Not Latino | 32,209          | 34,373                 | 1,323       | 557                            | 281                              | 698                | 1,081                |
|           |                            | <b>24.3%</b>    | <b>25.9%</b>           | <b>1.0%</b> | <b>0.4%</b>                    | <b>0.2%</b>                      | <b>0.5%</b>        | <b>0.8%</b>          |
|           | Unknown/Not Reported       | 1,312           | 953                    | 1,206       | 32                             | 21                               | 61                 | 436                  |
|           |                            | <b>1.0%</b>     | <b>0.7%</b>            | <b>0.9%</b> | <b>0.0%</b>                    | <b>0.0%</b>                      | <b>0.0%</b>        | <b>0.3%</b>          |

Positivity rates by race and ethnicity are displayed below (Table 13b). The testing population with the highest positivity rate was African Americans/Blacks with no ethnicity identified (0.52%) and non-Hispanic/non-Latino African Americans/Blacks (0.25%). The greatest number of positive tests was detected among non-Hispanic Blacks (n=86), who accounted for 56% of all positive tests, but represented only 26% of all clients tested.

<sup>6</sup> Known racial and/or ethnic minorities included all clients other than those who were White & non-Hispanic/non-Latino, White & unknown ethnicity, non-Hispanic/non-Latino & unknown race, or unknown race and unknown ethnicity).

**Table 13b: Reported Positivity Rates by Race/Ethnicity**

|           |                               | Race                |                               |       |                                    |                                      |                       |                          |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
|           |                               | Caucasian/<br>White | African<br>American/<br>Black | Asian | American Indian/<br>Alaskan Native | Native Hawaiian/<br>Pacific Islander | More than One<br>Race | Unknown/<br>Not Reported |
| Ethnicity | Hispanic or<br>Latino         | 20                  | 0                             | 0     | 0                                  | 0                                    | 2                     | 13                       |
|           |                               | 0.06%               | 0.00%                         | 0.00% | 0.00%                              | 0.00%                                | 0.14%                 | 0.06%                    |
|           | Not Hispanic or<br>Not Latino | 21                  | 86                            | 2     | 2                                  | 0                                    | 0                     | 0                        |
|           |                               | 0.07%               | 0.25%                         | 0.15% | 0.36%                              | 0.00%                                | 0.00%                 | 0.00%                    |
|           | Unknown/<br>Not Reported      | 2                   | 5                             | 0     | 0                                  | 0                                    | 0                     | 0                        |
|           |                               | 0.15%               | 0.52%                         | 0.00% | 0.00%                              | 0.00%                                | 0.00%                 | 0.00%                    |

**Process Data**

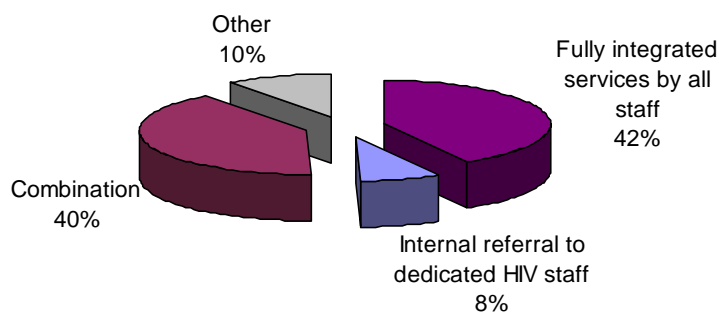
Over 180 FTEs were supported through this Project. The distribution of these staffing efforts is shown by region (Table 14). Regions I, II, and IV reported the greatest numbers of FTEs, with more than 20 FTEs each.

**Table 14: Number of FTEs by Region**

| Region    | I    | II   | III  | IV   | V    | VI   | VII  | VIII | IX   | X    | TOTAL |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| # of FTEs | 43.7 | 29.7 | 16.9 | 23.9 | 10.4 | 14.8 | 10.7 | 0.3  | 19.3 | 11.2 | 180.8 |

The types of HIV integration service delivery models utilized by projects included: fully integrated services provided by all staff, internal referral to dedicated HIV staff, or some combination of the two (Figure 13). About 42% of projects offered fully integrated services and 40% used a combination approach.

**Figure 13: Percentage of Agencies Utilizing Service Delivery Model**



Overall, 4,435 staff at projects attended a total of 493 trainings for 3,450 hours in order to support HIV integration efforts. The regional distribution of these training efforts is shown below (Tables 15, 16, and 17).

**Table 15: Number of Staff Trained by Region**

| Region             | I   | II  | III | IV  | V   | VI    | VII | VIII | IX  | X   | TOTAL |
|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|------|-----|-----|-------|
| # of Staff Trained | 205 | 737 | 535 | 327 | 118 | 1,275 | 266 | 259  | 588 | 125 | 4,435 |

**Table 16: Number of Trainings by Region**

| Region         | I  | II | III | IV | V  | VI | VII | VIII | IX | X  | TOTAL |
|----------------|----|----|-----|----|----|----|-----|------|----|----|-------|
| # of Trainings | 40 | 73 | 76  | 56 | 29 | 70 | 43  | 19   | 62 | 25 | 493   |

**Table 17: Number of Training Hours by Region**

| Region     | I     | II    | III   | IV    | V     | VI    | VII   | VIII  | IX    | X     | TOTAL   |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| # of Hours | 308.5 | 367.0 | 540.8 | 402.9 | 202.3 | 366.0 | 320.0 | 129.5 | 507.0 | 306.8 | 3,450.7 |

Training efforts were most heavily focused on HIV prevention skill-building (Figure 14). Substantial attention was also given to other key areas (ABC skill-building, cultural/linguistic competency, and age appropriateness).

**Figure 14: Distribution of Trainings by Topic**

